

Table Edited by Bennett Sullivan

This diagram illustrates the fretboard of a 24-fret electric guitar, showing the positions of frets 0 through 24 across the six strings. The fretboard is divided into sections by vertical bar lines, indicating measures of music. Chord names (D, G, A) are placed above the fretboard to indicate the chords being played. The diagram includes various musical notations, such as accidentals (sharps, flats, naturals), ties, and fingerings (numbers 1-4).

The fretboard is organized into measures, with fret positions indicated by numbers above the strings. The diagram shows the following fret positions across the six strings:

- Measure 1 (Frets 0-5):** D (0, 2, 4, 5), G (2, 3, 4, 5), A (2, 3, 4, 5).
- Measure 2 (Frets 6-11):** D (6, 7, 8, 9), G (6, 7, 8, 9), A (6, 7, 8, 9).
- Measure 3 (Frets 12-17):** D (12, 13, 14, 15), G (12, 13, 14, 15), A (12, 13, 14, 15).
- Measure 4 (Frets 18-23):** D (18, 19, 20, 21), G (18, 19, 20, 21), A (18, 19, 20, 21).
- Measure 5 (Frets 24-29):** D (24, 25, 26, 27), G (24, 25, 26, 27), A (24, 25, 26, 27).

The diagram also includes various musical notations, such as accidentals (sharps, flats, naturals), ties, and fingerings (numbers 1-4). For example, in Measure 1, the D chord is played with a natural on the 4th string, a sharp on the 5th string, and a natural on the 6th string. In Measure 2, the G chord is played with a natural on the 2nd string, a sharp on the 3rd string, and a natural on the 4th string. In Measure 3, the A chord is played with a natural on the 2nd string, a sharp on the 3rd string, and a natural on the 4th string.